# THE MINISTRY OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR EFFECTIVE DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION

2018 Monitoring Round: Egypt's Results





#### Outline





# Overview of the Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation (GPEDC)

The Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation (GPEDC) was established as a direct result of the Busan Partnership agreement.

# What is Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation (GPEDC)?

- GPEDC is a multi-stakeholder platform to advance the effectiveness of development efforts by all actors, to contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and deliver long-term oriented results.
- It brings together governments, bilateral and multilateral organizations, civil society actors, as well as representatives of the parliaments and the private sector to maximize their engagement and commitment in the development process.

# The Process Towards a More Inclusive Development Cooperation

The UN High Level Political Forum

Nairobi Outcome
Document

1st GPEDC MEETING
AT THE UN HLPF

2nd HIGH LEVEL MEETING OF
GPEDC
All development actors
complementary contributions

Crucial role of GPEDC for the
2030 Agenda and the SDGs

2019

Mexico Communiqué 2011 1st HIGH LEVEL MEETING OF to SDGs **Busan Partnership** Agreement **GPEDC** 2008 Post 2015 agenda **Development Co**operation Principles and Accra Action Agenda The GPEDC Paris Declaration on Aid Country ownership and role of **Effectiveness** civil society emphasized **Action-oriented roadmap to** improve the quality of aid





#### **GPEDC Contribution to Tracking Progress on 2030 Agenda for** Sustainable Development at the Country Level







Enhance multi-stakeholder partnerships for development in support of SDGs.



Respect a country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for the SDGs.





Adopt and strengthen policies and legislation for the promotion of gender equality and women's empowerment.



# GPEDC Supports Achieving the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development through:



Promoting knowledgesharing and peer-learning on effective approaches



Learning from all types of development cooperation



Contributing to increased effectiveness at the country level



Supporting engagement of the private sector through development cooperation



Strengthening political momentum for effective development cooperation

#### Use of monitoring results

Aligning development partners to national priorities

Increasing the predictability and use of country systems for development financing

Mobilizing and effectively engaging with the private sector

Addressing reporting gaps in aid information systems

Establishing multi-stakeholder partnerships

**USING THE** 

MONITORING RESULTS TO DRIVE TRANSFORMATIVE CHANGE

Strengthening development co-operation policies, co-ordination and dialogue mechanisms

## **GPEDC 2018 Principles and Indicators**

The 2018 Monitoring Round of the GPEDC is comprised of 10 indicators focusing on 4 main principles.

#### **2018 Monitoring Framework**

#### Principles

#### Indicators









- 5a. Development cooperation is predictable: annual predictability
- 5b. Development cooperation is predictable: medium-term predictability
- 9a. Quality of countries' public financial management systems
- 9b. Development partners use country systems
- 10. Aid is untied
- 1a. Development partners use country-led results framework
- 1b. Countries strengthen their results frameworks
- 2. Civil society enabling environment and development effectiveness
- 3. Quality of public-private dialogue
- 4. Transparent information on development cooperation is publicly available
- 6. Development cooperation is on budgets subject to parliamentary oversight
- 7. Mutual accountability is strengthened through inclusive reviews
- 8. Gender equality and women's empowerment

### General Findings and Global Trends in 2018

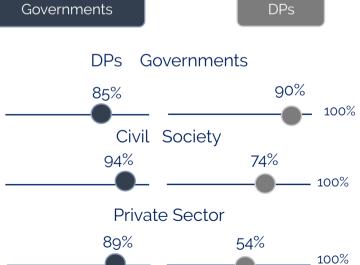
86 countries have participated in the 2018 Third Monitoring Round of GPEDC.

#### General Findings and Global Trends in 2018

- Since 2011, the proportion of partner countries with high quality national development strategy has almost doubled.
- Nearly ALL national development strategies approved since 2015 reference the 2030 Agenda/SDGs.
- In designing national development strategies, governments highly consult a wide range of national stakeholders.
- Development partners engage to a lesser extent country's stakeholders in developing country strategies and programs.







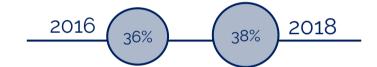


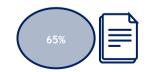
#### General Findings and Global Trends in 2018

There is a slight progress in making development cooperation more transparent.
 Information provided by development partners is comprehensive and nearly all partner countries have an information management system in place for development cooperation.

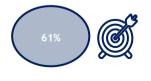
Mutual accountability mechanisms are becoming more inclusive, the vast majority
of development partners reported that mutual accountability assessments were
effective in informing the ways of working in the country.

Of the 94 development partners assessed...

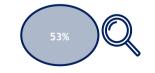




Put in place comprehensive policies for development cooperation



Set country-level effectiveness targets



Conduct regular joint assessments



Involve non-state actors in assessments



Publish results of assessments



#### Egypt Results 2018

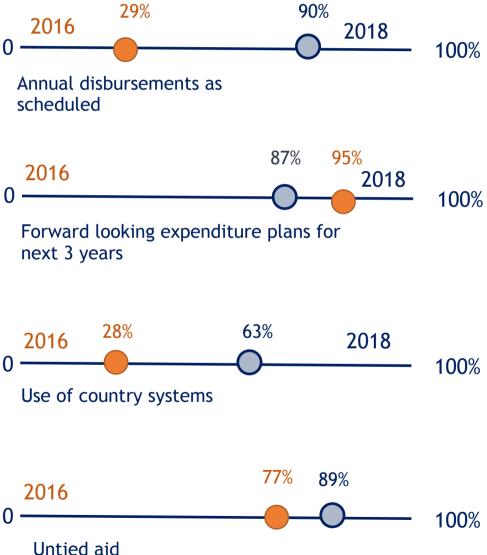
In the 2018 Monitoring Round, Egypt's performance has been visibly recognized to reflect positive progress compared to the 2016 Monitoring Round results.

#### **Egypt's Progress:**

#### **Country's Ownership**

- Egypt's annual predictability of development cooperation increased by **61%**.
- Egypt's medium-term predictability of development cooperation decreased by **-8%**.
- On average, the use of country systems by development partners increased by **35%.**

The percentage of untied aid increased by 13%.





#### **Egypt's Progress:**

#### **Focus on Results**

- The quality of national development planning (national results framework) in Egypt is reported to be high 93%.
- On average, the use of national results framework by development partners has increased by **10%**.
- In Egypt, development partners align to country priorities to a high extent 73% SDG indicator 17.15.1

#### National results framework

...defines priorities, targets and indicators

...includes budget or costing information

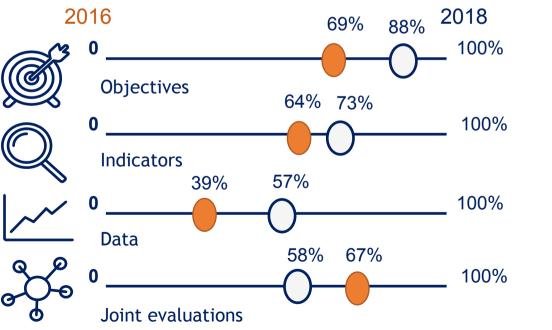
YES

Regular progress reports are available

YES

YES

#### Use of national results framework

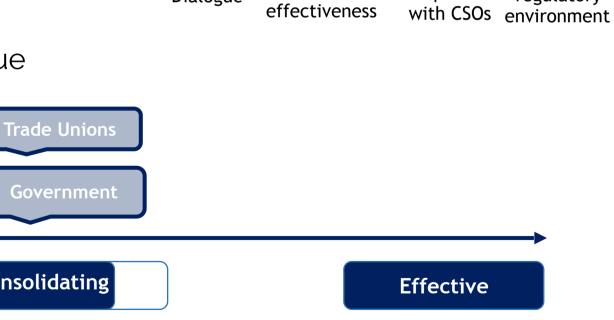




#### **Egypt's Progress: Inclusive Partnership**

 On average, the enabling environment for CSOs has been reported as basic reaching 43.8%.

 On average, the quality of public-private dialogue has improved by 22%.



**CSO** 

development

Government

Weak

**Eme**rging

Large Firms

**SMEs** 

Consolidating

CSO

Space for CSO

Dialogue

ارة التعاون الدولي Ministry of International Cooperation

Development Partner

Development Legal and

Co-operation regulatory

Extensive

Moderate

Narrow

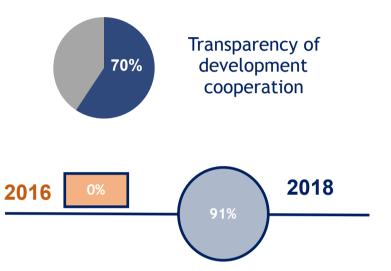
Negligible

#### **Egypt's Progress:**

#### **Transparency & Mutual Accountability**

- Information on development cooperation has been assessed to be publicly available **70%**.
- The share of development cooperation recorded on budgets subject to parliamentary oversight increased by **91%**.
- Egypt has put in place transparent systems to track public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment meeting all requirements of SDG indicator 5.c.1.
- Mutual accountability was strengthened through inclusive accountability reviews put in place.







#### Egypt Vs Low Middle Income Countries (2018)

Egypt has shown significant improvements in almost all indicators of the monitoring framework exceeding the average score of its peers from other Lower Middle Income Countries (LMICs).

## **Significant Scores**

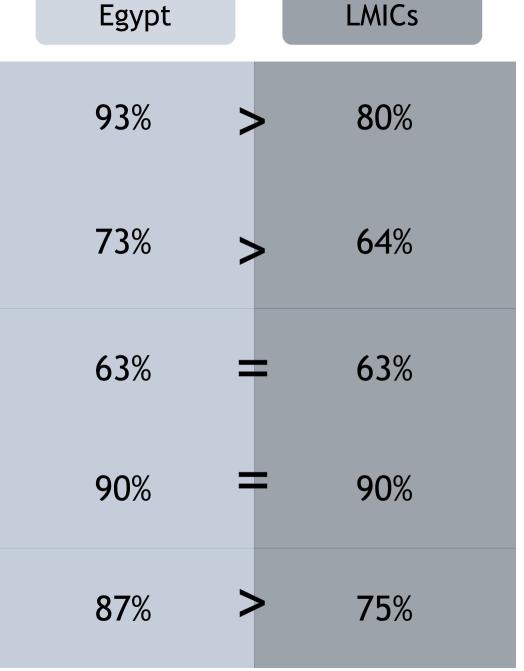
Overall quality of national results framework

Extent of use of country-owned results frameworks by development partners

Overall use of country systems by development partners

Annual-term predictability of development cooperation

Medium-term predictability of development cooperation



## **The Way Forward**

### **Areas for Further Improvement**

Principle	Indicator	2016	2018
Country Ownership	Use of country's public financial management systems	27.8%	63.2%
	Medium-term predictability of development cooperation	95.1%	86.6%
	Use of country's procurement systems	20.6%	69.5%
Focus on Results	Results indicators drawn from country's results framework	63.7%	73.3%
	Results indicators monitored using national sources/systems	39%	57.4%
	Evaluation planned with government involvement	64%	57.8%



## **Areas for Further Improvement**

Principle	Indicator	2016	2018
Inclusive Partnerships	CSO enabling environment	-	43.8%
		Development Partners – No reporting	
	Public Private Dialogue	35%	56.9%
Transparency and Mutual Accountability	Transparency of development cooperation information	70%	70%
	Regular joint assessments	_	Not in place

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